Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

July 31, 2020 and 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Management's Discussion and Analysis July 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

As management of the Port of Houston Authority of Harris County, Texas (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan's (the "Plan") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Plan for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019.

Financial highlights

The net position restricted for pensions (the "net position") of the Plan at July 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018 was \$191,251,270, \$184,407,686, and \$184,287,781, respectively. This net position is restricted for the payment of future employee pension benefits. Overall, the financial position of the Plan increased for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2020.

The Plan's net position increased by \$6,843,584, and \$119,905 between fiscal years 2020 and 2019. ("FY2020", "FY2019"). The increase in net position for FY 2020 was attributed to an increase in contributions to offset the reduced discount rate.

The Plan investments had a net appreciation in fair value of \$1,004,138, \$827,774, and \$7,669,429 for FY2020, FY2019, and FY2018. respectively. The net increase in fair value was primarily due to realized and unrealized gains during each year including other earnings from interest bearing securities.

Additions to the Plan are made primarily through contributions from the Authority. These contributions totaled \$10,625,000, \$4,658,0000, and \$5,256,900, for the years ended July 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively. The increase in 2020 is due primarily to additional funding of \$5,000,000 authorized in 2019 by the Commission.

Investment returns consist of interest earnings, dividend income, and net appreciation in fair value of investments.

The following table shows the actual asset allocation of Plan investments, by major asset category, for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018:

	2020	2019	2018
Asset allocation:			
Domestic and international equities	47 %	47 %	49 %
Fixed income investments	47	44	42
Master limited partnerships	2	7	8
Mutual Funds	3	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1	2	1

Management's Discussion and Analysis July 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

Benefit payments are the primary expense of the Plan. Such payments totaled \$10,548,501, \$10,326,046, and 10,084,820, for the years ended July 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively. Benefit payments across all periods remained at a reasonable level. Other expenses of the Plan include administrative expenses, which totaled \$257,083, \$243,143, and \$255,300, for the years ended July 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively. The fluctuations in administrative expenses across the time periods presented result from the use of various service providers for legal, actuarial, and other services on an as-needed basis.

Net position restricted for pensions, the excess of contributions and investment income over benefit payments and administrative and investment expenses, is accumulated by the Plan to meet future pension benefit obligations.

	2020	2019	2018
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,129,421	\$ 2,730,045	\$ 2,695,860
Investments	189,575,018	181,121,789	180,807,927
Accrued investment income	599,059	612,324	839,852
Total assets	191,303,498	184,464,158	184,343,639
Liabilities:			
Accrued administrative and investment expenses	52,228	56,472	55,858
Total liabilities	52,228	56,472	55,858
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 191,251,270	\$ 184,407,686	\$ 184,287,781

Management's Discussion and Analysis July 31, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

Condensed Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	2020 2019		2018
Additions: Contributions Net investment income	\$ 10,625,000 7,024,168	\$ 4,658,000 6,031,094	\$ 5,256,900 12,377,573
Total additions	17,649,168	10,689,094	17,634,473
Deductions: Benefit payments Administrative expenses	10,548,501 257,083	10,326,046 243,143	10,084,820 255,300
Total deductions	10,805,584	10,569,189	10,340,120
Net increase in net position	6,843,584	119,905	7,294,353
Net position restricted for pensions Beginning of year	184,407,686	184,287,781	176,993,428
End of year	\$ 191,251,270	\$ 184,407,686	\$ 184,287,781

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide an overview of the Plan's finances for those with an interest in the Authority's pension related activities. Questions concerning the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to the Office of the Controller, Port of Houston Authority, 111 East Loop North, Houston, Texas 77029.

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position As of July 31,

	 2020	2019
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued investment income	\$ 1,129,421 189,575,018 599,059	\$ 2,730,045 181,121,789 612,324
Total assets	191,303,498	184,464,158
Liabilities: Accrued administrative and investment expenses	52,228	56,472
Total liabilities	52,228	56,472
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 191,251,270	\$ 184,407,686

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Years ended July 31,

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	2020		2019	
Additions:				
Employer contributions	\$	10,625,000	\$	4,658,000
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value		1,004,138		827,774
Interest		2,299,388		3,271,974
Dividends		4,349,395		2,594,056
Other		18,713		260
Total investment income		7,671,634		6,694,064
Investment expenses		(647,466)		(662,970)
Net investment income		7,024,168		6,031,094
Total additions		17,649,168		10,689,094
Deductions:				
Retirement benefits		10,548,501		10,326,046
Administrative expenses		257,083		243,143
Total deductions		10,805,584		10,569,189
Net increase in net position		6,843,584		119,905
Net position restricted for pensions				
Beginning of year		184,407,686		184,287,781
End of year	\$	191,251,270	\$	184,407,686

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS July 31, 2020 and 2019

The following brief description of the Plan is provided for general informational purposes only. Reference should be made to the Plan document for more complete information.

General - The Plan is a single-employer noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored and administered by the Port of Houston Authority of Harris County, Texas (the "Authority" or the "Plan Sponsor"). As a governmental plan, the Plan is not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"). Three members of the Port Commission of the Authority ("the Commission") serve as the Pension and Benefits Committee ("Committee") responsible for providing advice and recommendations to the Commission and assisting the Commission in performing its responsibilities for the Plan. The Authority controls and manages the operation and administration of the Plan. The seven-member Commission, appointed by the Harris County Commissioners Court; City of Houston, Texas; City of Pasadena, Texas; and the Harris County Mayors' and Councils' Association, maintains the authority to amend the Plan provisions and the investment policy as necessary. As fiduciaries, Commissioners and Authority staff shall act solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the Plan. BBVA USA serves as the trustee of the Plan.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Measurement focus refers to the definition of the resource flows measured.

The Plan is subject to the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Plan is maintained on the full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. All economic resources, including financial assets and related liabilities, both current and long term, and the changes therein are reported in the Plan's financial statements. Revenues, including contributions, are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the underlying transaction or event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and changes therein, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan utilizes various investment securities, including U.S. treasuries, U.S. government agencies, corporate obligations, mutual funds, international fixed income, and municipal obligations. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, including interest rate risk, credit risk, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

5. Investment Valuation and Income Recognition

Investments are stated at fair value. Quoted market prices are used in determining fair value of Plan assets. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

6. Administrative and Investment Expenses

The Plan's expenses are paid by the Plan as provided in the Plan document.

7. Payment of Benefits

Cash payments to participants for benefits are recorded upon distribution.

NOTE B - PLAN DESCRIPTION

1. Contributions

Contributions to provide benefits under the Plan are made solely by the Authority. The Authority's funding policy adopted on September 14, 1997 prescribes a contribution equal to 100% of the cost of benefits earned by Plan members plus an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability and may be amended by the Commission at its discretion. This method and the actuarial assumptions have been designed to provide sufficient funds to pay benefits as they become payable under the Plan. The policy was amended by the Commission on July 28, 2015, and again formally on December 11, 2019, to allow the Authority's staff the flexibility to fund the Plan throughout the year without seeking further authorization from the Commission, provided the aggregate contributions in a fiscal year do not exceed 105% of the actuarially determined contribution as calculated by the Authority's actuary. The Authority made contributions of \$10,625,000, and \$4,658,000 for FY2020 and FY2019 respectively.

2. Eligibility

All permanent, full-time employees hired prior to August 1, 2012 are eligible for the Plan. On December 16, 2014, the Port Commission approved a Third Amendment to the Plan which, among other things, modified the definition of eligible employee. The Plan was amended and restated effective as of October 24, 2017 to modify the periods of service credited to totally and permanently disabled participants, and to clarify the benefits, powers, authorities, duties, and responsibilities provided under the Plan. Employees become vested after five continuous years of service, as defined by the Plan. Fully vested employees are entitled to Plan benefits upon retirement. There is no partial vesting of benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE B - PLAN DESCRIPTION - Continued

Employees hired on or after August 1, 2012 are not eligible for the Plan. They participate in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan sponsored by the Authority, which is operated and administered separately from this Plan.

3. Benefit Payments

The Plan provides for normal retirement benefits upon reaching the age of 65 and has provisions for early retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefits under the Plan are determined based on a final pay formula. Generally, the final pay formula is calculated as a percentage of earnings multiplied by years of credited service with certain adjustments, as provided in the Plan. Participants may elect to receive their pension benefits from various forms of single life or joint and survivor annuities. Certain participants may receive a lump sum payment. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Commission.

4. Plan Membership

The number of plan members consisted of the following at August 1, 2020 and 2019, the date of the two latest actuarial valuations:

	2020	2019
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving payments	560	546
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	165	170
Disabled participants	4	5
Active participants	318	340
Total	1,047	1,061

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS

The investment strategy of the Plan as administered by the Commission is to preserve principal while emphasizing relative total return versus the liability growth rate and to maintain sufficient income or liquidity to pay monthly benefits.

The Plan's investment policy may be amended by the Commission by a majority vote of its members. The investment policy is reviewed at least annually. It was last amended on December 11, 2019 to clarify that staff is authorized to rebalance the portfolio in accordance with asset allocation guidelines approved by the Commission, and that sufficient assets may be maintained in money market accounts and other cash equivalents to cover expenses and monthly benefit payment requirements. The policy also stipulates that investment manager performance should be reviewed over three-, five- and ten-year periods. A copy of the investment policy is available on the Authority's website (www.porthouston.com).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS - Continued

The Commission is responsible for approving the total asset allocation among stocks, bonds, and cash. The Commission adopted the following asset allocation parameters as a general guideline in investing the Plan's asset

Asset class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Large Cap Domestic Equity	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%
Mid Cap Domestic Equity	2.5%	7.5%	12.5%
Small Cap Domestic Equity	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%
International Equity	2.5%	7.5%	12.5%
Core Fixed Income	35.0%	40.0%	45.0%
High Yield Fixed Income	0.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Master Limited Partnerships	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%
·	·		
		-	

Total asset allocation 100.0%

As outlined above, the Plan is allowed to invest in fixed income securities, equity securities, and real estate. In addition, the Plan's fixed income assets may be held in cash and cash equivalents (e.g., commercial paper, money market mutual funds, etc.), U.S. treasuries, U.S. government agency bonds, and other short-term and long-term debt securities, provided such instruments comply with investment policy guidelines, especially those relating to credit quality and diversification.

The Plan's assets are rebalanced in line with the above asset allocation parameters from time to time.

The Plan's cash and cash equivalents and investments are held by a bank-administered trust fund. Fair values of these assets at July 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Fixed income investments Money market funds Balanced Fund	\$ 89,818,994 1,129,421 4,981,200	\$ 81,050,992 2,730,045
Equity investments: Domestic	78,561,047	84,925,978
International	16,213,777	15,144,819
Total equity investments	94,774,824	100,070,797
Total	\$ 190,704,439	\$ 183,851,834

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS - Continued

For purposes of the Plan's financial statements, fair value is generally defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For the Plan, such fair values are provided by third-party market pricing sources utilized by BBVA USA Bank as trustee and custodian of the Plan's assets and reflected on the monthly and annual custody statements provided to the Authority.

The Plan's investments during the years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019 (including realized gains on investments) depreciated/appreciated in total value as follows:

	 2020	2019
Fixed income investments Equity investments	\$ 5,203,275 (4,199,137)	\$ 2,697,459 (1,869,685)
Total	\$ 1,004,138	\$ 827,774

During the fiscal years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019, interest and dividends earned and other income on the Plan's investments amounted to \$6,667,496 and \$5,866,290, respectively.

As of July 31, 2020, and 2019, the Plan had the following investments in its fixed income accounts:

	202	0	201	9
Investment Type	Fair value	Percentage of total	Fair value	Percentage of total
U.S. treasuries	\$ 9,451,723	10.52 %	\$ 9,399,968	11.60 %
U.S. government agencies	14,162,242	15.77	20,042,248	24.73
U.S. corporate obligations	49,968,011	55.63	36,716,496	45.30
Mutual fund	9,335,687	10.40	9,544,689	11.77
International fixed income	5,139,241	5.72	4,253,004	5.25
Municipal obligations	1,762,090	1.96	1,094,587	1.35
	\$ 89,818,994	100.00 %	\$ 81,050,992	100.00 %

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, financial statements are required to address credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk of investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS - Continued

1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize this risk, the Plan's investment policy does not allow any fixed income securities below the rating of B, and no more than 20% in bonds rated below investment grade. Securities are considered investment grade if they are rated Baa3 or higher by Moody's Investor Service, or BBB- or higher by Standard and Poor's or Fitch Ratings. U.S. treasuries and U.S. government agency bonds are rated Aaa/AA+/AAA by Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch, respectively. The Plan's investments in corporate obligations have credit ratings that range from B3/B/B up to Aaa/AAA/AAA.

2. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The Plan's investment policy limits the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

As of July 31, 2020, and 2019, the Plan had the following investments in excess of 5% of total investments:

	2020	2019
Vanguard Inst Index (Cusip 922040100)	\$ 15,084,776	\$ 14,390,715
Causeway International Value-Institutional (Cusip 14949P208)	11,512,671	11,675,971
Cohen & Steers Institutional Realty Shares (Cusip 19247U106)	10,485,219	11,606,335
Loomis Sayles Institutional High Income (Cusip 543495600)		9,544,689
Total	\$ 37,082,666	\$ 47,217,710

3. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the Plan's investments. Duration is a measure of interest rate risk and measures a bond's price sensitivity to a 100-basis-point change in interest rates. The greater the duration of a bond, or a portfolio of bonds, the greater its price volatility will be in response to a change in interest rates. The value of a fixed income mutual fund investment is determined by its net asset value (NAV). Because the NAV is based in part on the market value of the fund's assets, a rising and declining interest rate environment can have a negative or positive impact on the NAV of a fixed income fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS – Continued

The following table details the U.S. dollar bond holdings and their duration by fund manager as of July 31, 2020 and 2019:

		Smith Gra	ham	MacKay Shields, LLC					
			Duration			Duration			
	F	air value	in years		Fair value	in years			
2020									
U.S. treasuries	\$	5,910,885	12.24	\$	3,540,838	13.02			
U.S. government agencies		5,569,236	2.18		8,593,006	2.23			
U.S. corporate obligations	2	25,893,588	5.95		24,074,423	6.39			
Municipal obligations		1,441,753	6.13		320,337	10.81			
International fixed income		1,429,365	4.84		3,709,876	6.94			
Total fair value	\$ 4	10,244,827		\$	40,238,480				
Portfolio average duration			6.32			6.17			
<u>2019</u>									
U.S. treasuries	\$	3,137,280	16.40	\$	6,262,688	14.07			
U.S. government agencies		7,061,440	3.80		12,980,808	3.22			
U.S. corporate obligations		19,512,265	5.38		17,204,231	5.02			
Municipal obligations		1,094,587	6.65		-	-			
International fixed income		1,343,395	5.61		2,909,609	4.84			
Total fair value	\$:	32,148,967		\$	39,357,336				
Portfolio average duration			6.48			5.84			

4. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Plan holds investments in American Depository Receipts ("ADRs") which have currency risk; however, the ADRs are not included in foreign currency as they are denominated in U.S. dollars and accounted for at fair market value. The Plan had indirect exposure to foreign currency risk of \$21,353,017 and \$19,397,823 through its investments in international mutual funds, international equities, and international fixed income securities as of July 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return

For the year ended July 31, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expense, was 1.66%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS - Continued

5. Fair Value of Investments

The Plan has estimated the fair value of financial instruments in accordance with the fair value guidance provided in accordance with GASB 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Plan's significant financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments, and other liabilities. The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents and other liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these items.

Determining the level at which an asset or liability falls within the hierarchy requires significant judgment considering the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The hierarchy consists of three broad levels, as follows, with Level 1 being the most observable:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Quoted market prices in active or inactive markets for similar assets or liabilities and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability, which reflect those that market participants would use.

The following tables represent information about the Plan's long-term investments that are measured at fair value as of July 31, 2020 and 2019 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized to determine such fair value.

2020	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Domestic Equity	\$ 48,646,130		\$ 48,646,130
International Equity	4,701,107		4,701,107
Mutual funds	51,399,552		51,399,552
U.S. treasuries	9,451,723		9,451,723
U.S. corporate obligations		49,968,011	49,968,011
Municipal obligations		1,762,090	1,762,090
U.S. government agencies		14,162,242	14,162,242
International fixed income		5,139,241	5,139,241
Master limited partnerships	4,344,922		4,344,922
Total	\$ 118,543,434	\$ 71,031,584	\$ 189,575,018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS - Continued

<u>2019</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Domestic equity	\$ 46,602,230		\$ 46,602,230
International equity	2,677,898		2,677,898
Mutual funds	47,217,710		47,217,710
U.S. treasuries	9,399,968		9,399,968
U.S. corporate obligations		36,716,496	36,716,496
Municipal obligations		1,094,587	1,094,587
U.S. government agencies		20,042,248	20,042,248
Foreign convertibles		4,253,004	4,253,004
Master limited partnerships	13,117,648		13,117,648
Total	\$ 119,015,454	\$ 62,106,335	\$ 181,121,789

NOTE D - NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total liability less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The table below illustrates the calculation for the net pension liability.

Net pension liability	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019
Total pension liability	\$203,776,913	\$197,409,371
Fiduciary net position	191,251,270	184,407,686
Net pension liability	12,525,643	13,001,685
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	93.85%	93.41%
Covered payroll	29,924,796	29,889,386
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	41.86%	43.50%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE D - NET PENSION LIABILITY - Continued

1. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 1, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of July 31, 2020, the Plan's fiscal year end, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement. These actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period August 1, 2009 through August 1, 2015.

	2020	2019
Valuation date	August 1, 2019	August 1, 2018
Measurement date	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar method	Level dollar method
Equivalent single amortization period of		
the unfunded liabilities	30 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	6.25%	6.50%
Projected salary increases	2.5% to 10.0%	2.5% to 10.0%
Inflation	2.20%	2.50%
Cost-of-living adjustment	None	None
Mortality	Pri-2012 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disable Annuitants with generational projection per MP-2019	RP-2006 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disable Annuitants with generational projection per MP-2018

2. Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE D - NET PENSION LIABILITY - Continued

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of July 31, 2020 and 2019 are summarized in the following table:

2020

		Target	Long-term expected						
Asset class	Index	Allocation	rate of return*						
Core Fixed Income	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate	40.0%	2.5%						
High Yield Fixed Income	Merrill Lynch High Yield Master II Constrained		2.5%						
Large Cap U.S. Equity	S&P 500	20.0%	7.5%						
Mid Cap U.S. Equity	Russell Mid Cap	7.5%	7.5%						
Small Cap U.S. Equity	Russell 2000	10.0%	7.5%						
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	7.5%	8.5%						
Real Estate (REITs)	FTSE NAREIT All REITS Total Return	5.0%	4.5%						
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	50% S&P 500/50% Bloomberg Barclays	5.0%	5.0%						
	Long-term expected (weighted) rate of return:		5.05%						
Actuarial assumed long-term investment rate of return or discount rate: 6.									

2019

			Long-term						
		Target	expected						
Asset class	Index	Allocation	rate of return*						
Core Fixed Income	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate	40.0%	2.5%						
High Yield Fixed Income	Merrill Lynch High Yield Master II Constrained	5.0%	2.5%						
Large Cap U.S. Equity	S&P 500	15.0%	7.5%						
Mid Cap U.S. Equity	Russell Mid Cap	7.5%	7.5%						
Small Cap U.S. Equity	Russell 2000	10.0%	7.5%						
International Equity	MSCI EAFE	7.5%	8.5%						
Real Estate (REITs)	FTSE NAREIT All REITS Total Return	5.0%	4.5%						
Master Limited Partnership	Alerian MLP	10.0%	7.5%						
	Long-term expected (weighted) rate of return:		5.17%						
Actuarial assumed long-term investment rate of return or discount rate: 6.									

^{*}Assumed rates of return utilized by the Plan's investment consultant for the current fiscal period's allocation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

3. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 6.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019
Discount rate	6.25%	6.50%
Long-term expected rate of return,	5.2575	0.0075
net of investment expense	6.25%	6.50%
Municipal bond rate	N/A	N/A

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED July 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE D - NET PENSION LIABILITY - Continued

4. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Authority, calculated using the discount rates of 6.25% and 6.50%, respectively, as well as what the Authority's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

July 31, 2020

	1% decrease 5.25%	Current discount rate 6.25%	1% increase 7.25%		
Net pension liability (asset)	36,573,096	12,525,643	(7,839,781)		
July 31, 2019					
	1% decrease 5.50%	Current discount rate 6.50%	1% increase 7.50%		
Net pension liability (asset)	36,003,953	13,001,685	(6,405,668)		

NOTE E – PLAN TERMINATION

Although it has not expressed any intention to do so, the Commission and the Authority have the right under the Plan, in certain circumstances, to discontinue its contributions at any time and to terminate the Plan subject to the Plan provisions. In the event the Plan is terminated, the net position of the Plan will be allocated for payment of benefits to the participants in an order of priority determined in accordance with the Plan document and the Internal Revenue Code.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Seven Fiscal Years

	July 31, 2020	July 31, 2019	July 31, 2018	July 31, 2017	July 31, 2016	July 31, 2015	July 31, 2014
Total pension liability:							
Service cost	\$ 3,423,713	\$ 3,320,773	\$ 3,402,422	\$ 3,198,269	\$ 3,228,805	\$ 3,186,018	3,425,775
Interest on total pension liability	12,781,702	12,591,994	12,454,101	12,251,337	11,883,003	10,939,999	10,724,158
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	999,702	(1,325,175)	(1,207,309)	(116,722)	(694,543)	(1,277,703)	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(289,074)	3,516,641	(2,203,375)	5,012,275	-	9,568,882	-
Benefit payments	(10,548,501)	(10,326,046)	(10,084,820)	(9,858,352)	(9,552,117)	(9,590,546)	(9,508,901)
Net change in total pension liability	6,367,542	7,778,187	2,361,019	10,486,807	4,865,148	12,826,647	4,641,033
Total pension liability, beginning	197,409,371	189,631,184	187,270,165	176,783,358	171,918,210	159,091,563	154,450,530
Total pension liability, ending (a)	203,776,913	197,409,371	189,631,184	187,270,165	176,783,358	171,918,210	159,091,563
Fiduciary net position:							
Employer contributions	10,625,000	4,658,000	5,256,900	9,600,000	4,500,000	4,093,996	8,281,695
Investment income, net of investment expenses	7,024,168	6,031,094	12,377,573	14,220,462	1,740,670	7,786,180	14,825,222
Benefit payments	(10,548,501)	(10,326,046)	(10,084,820)	(9,858,352)	(9,552,117)	(9,590,546)	(9,508,901)
Administrative expenses	(257,083)	(243, 143)	(255,300)	(279,696)	(234,464)	(248,932)	(236,560)
Net change in fiduciary net position	6,843,584	119,905	7,294,353	13,682,414	(3,545,911)	2,040,698	13,361,456
Fiduciary net position, beginning	184,407,686	184,287,781	176,993,428	163,311,014	166,856,925	164,816,227	151,454,771
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	191,251,270	184,407,686	184,287,781	176,993,428	163,311,014	166,856,925	164,816,227
Net pension liability ending = (a) - (b)	12,525,643	13,001,685	5,343,403	10,276,737	13,472,344	5,061,285	(5,724,664)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	93.85%	93.41%	97.18%	94.51%	92.38%	97.06%	103.60%
Covered payroll	29,924,796	29,889,386	29,960,300	30,210,365	30,412,207	31,376,937	33,689,999
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	41.86%	43.50%	17.83%	34.02%	44.30%	16.13%	(16.99%)

Per GASB 67, until a 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans may present information for those years for which information is available; information is not available under the GASB 67 methodologies for the fiscal years prior to 2014.

SCHEDULE OF PORT AUTHORITY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016		2015		2014		2013		 2012		2011
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,373,772	\$ 4,436,764	\$ 5,006,628	\$ 5,152,984	\$	4,480,580	\$	4,093,996	\$	5,278,440	\$	9,870,470	\$ 8,132,756	\$	10,808,796
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	10,625,000	4,658,000	5,256,900	9,600,000		4,500,000		4,093,996		8,281,695		9,870,470	8,132,756		10,808,796
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (5,251,228)	\$ (221,236)	\$ (250,272)	\$ (4,447,016)	\$	(19,420)	\$	-	\$	(3,003,255)	\$		\$ -	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 29,924,796	\$ 29,889,386	\$ 29,960,300	\$ 30,210,365	\$	30,412,207	\$	31,376,937	\$	33,689,999	\$	35,081,902	\$ 35,570,719	\$	34,938,502
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	35.51%	15.58%	17.55%	31.78%		14.80%		13.05%		24.58%		28.14%	22.86%		30.94%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 31 of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Amortization method Level dollar

Remaining amortization period 1 year at July 31, 2020, resulting from a net pension liability of \$12,525,643

Asset valuation method Market value

Inflation 2.20%

Salary increases Graded from 7.5% at age 20 to 3.0% at age 60

Investment rate of return 6.25% Cost of living adjustments None

Retirement age Ranging from 5% at age 55 to 100% at age 70

Turnover Rates from most recent assumption study performed July 28, 2020

Mortality Pri-2012 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale MP–2019

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return							
net of investment expenses	1.66%	1.30%	5.60%	8.40%	-0.65%	3.04%	9.51%

Per GASB 67, until a 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans may present information for those years for which information is available; information is not available under the GASB 67 methodologies for the fiscal years prior to 2014.

OTHER INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

Senate Bill No. 322, passed by the 86th Texas Legislature, was signed by Governor Abbott on June 10, 2019. The legislation amended Texas Government Code, Chapter 802, and requires public retirement systems to include in their annual financial report a listing, by asset class, of all direct and indirect commissions and fees paid by the retirement system for the sale, purchase, or management of its assets, and to provide the names of the investment managers engaged by the retirement system. The Texas Pension Review recently proposed new rules relating to reporting of such investment expenses, which rules are pending comment and adoption.

Information for management fees paid from the trust is provided using data from the Plan's custodian, BBVA. Management fees netted from returns are provided by the Plan's investment consultant, AndCo Consulting LLC, using an average of each manager's month-end market value and the manager's respective net expense ratio.

Shown below are the investment and administrative expenses* for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2020:

Investment Fee Disclosure

Direct and Indirect Fees ar	nd Commissions					
			TOTAL			TOTAL DIRECT
			INVESTMENT			AND INDIRECT
			MANAGEMENT			FEES AND
			FEES (Management			COMMISSIONS
			Fees Netted from			(Management
		MANAGEMENT FEES	Returns +	BROKERAGE	PROFIT	Fees + Brokerage
	MANAGEMENT FEES	NETTED FROM	Management Fees	FEES/COMMISSION	SHARE/CARRIE	Fees/Commission
ASSET CLASS	PAID FROM TRUST	RETURNS	Paid From Trust)	S	D INTEREST	s + Profit Share)
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	•
Public Equity	398,623	216,672	615,295	36,678	-	651,973
Fixed Income	253,088	62,822	315,910	297	-	316,207
Real Assets	-	-	-	-	-	0
Alternative/Other	-	-	-	-	-	0
TOTAL	651,711	279,494	931,205	36,975	-	968,180
TOTAL	651,711	279,494	931,205	36,975	-	968,1

Investment Managers	Total Investment Expe	enses
List of Investment Manager Names	Total Direct and Indirect Fees and Commissions	968,180
Stacey Braun Associates, Inc.	Investment Services	
Smith, Graham & Co Asset Mgmt	Custodial	107,128
Barrow Hanley, Mewhinney & Strauss	Actuarial	48,742
Fiduciary Management, Inc.	Audit	28,000
Tortoise Capital Advisors, LLC	Advisory	73,653
Loomis Sayles High Income Fund	Total	257,523
Cohen & Steers Realty Shares		
Stephens Investment Management Group		1,225,703
POHA-Causeway International Value Fund	Expenses	
MacKay Shields LLC	(Total Direct and Indirect Fees and	
Vanguard Institutional Index Fd	Commissions +	
BlackRock Multi-Asset Income Fund	Investment Services)	



Independent Auditor's Report

Pension and Benefits Committee Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Houston, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan (the Plan), which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of July 31, 2020, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in



Pension and Benefits Committee Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Page 2

the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan as of July 31, 2020, and the changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and schedule of investment returns as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements. The schedule of direct and indirect fees, commissions, and investment managers as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of direct and indirect fees, commissions, and investment managers has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Pension and Benefits Committee Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated January 25, 2021, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Prior Year Audited by Other Auditors

The 2019 financial statements were audited by other auditors, and their report thereon, dated January 27, 2020, expressed an unmodified opinion.

Houston, Texas

January 25, 2021

BKD, LLP



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Pension and Benefits Committee Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Houston, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan (the Plan), which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of July 31, 2020, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Pension and Benefits Committee Port of Houston Authority Restated Retirement Plan Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Houston, Texas

January 25, 2021

BKD,LLP